







NEW EXAMINATION MODEL

- Preparing of tests on the basis of Classical Test Theory requirements
 - Try out
 - Piloting
- Application of Scaling methods







WHY NOT IRT?

- Problems with using common items in test versions - For transparency of UEE the decision to release of full test versions was made by NAEC.
- X Time limit More time for data base preparation was needed for IRT model
- Problems to explain and make clear IRT statistical model to public







- 1.Probable differences between the versions of one test
- 2.Possibility to compare scores gained by entrants in different subjects
- 3.Possibility for entrants to conserve the Scaled Scores for the next year competition







SUBJECT

Examination Test Number of Versions

Georgian Language and Literature	One Examination Test	4 versions
General Abilities	One Examination Test	4 versions
Modern Foreign Languages	One Examination Test in English Language	2 versions
	One Examination Test in Russion Language	2 versions
	One Examination Test in French Language	1 versions
	One Examination Test in German Language	1 versions
Mathematics (optional)	One Examination Test	2 versions
Georgian History and social sciences (optional)	One Examination Test	1 versions
Science (optional)	One Examination Test	1 versions
Literature (optional)	One Examination Test	1 versions







Following scaling method was elaborated:

First step

to equate the scores which entrants received in different versions of one examination test

Second step

standartization of equated scores for each examination subject and allocating on one scale







I Step

Goal: To provide compatibility of the scores received by entrants in diffrernt versions of one subject test. Defining the cumulative score:

- Defining rating of those entrants, who passed the same version of one test
- On the basis of cumulative scores establishing equity of the scores entrants received in different versions of one test.

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II Step

Goal: Allocation of scores in different subjects on one scale

- Defining mean and standard deviation for every examination subject
- Calculating Z score

Scaled Score=15*Z+150













